

# **Well Child Forms**

Early Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) Forms

Form History							
Original Approve Date	03/07						
Review/Revise Dates	01/07, 05/10, 7/10,10/11, 1/12, 11/13,11/15,11/17, 11/19, 11/21						
Next Update	11/23						

## Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) Form

The Early and Periodic Screening Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) program is a comprehensive and preventive child health program for individuals under the age of 21.<sup>1</sup> All states that participate in the Medicaid program must offer EPSDT to all children enrolled in Medicaid under the age of 21. Virginia provides comprehensive, periodic health assessments, or screenings, from birth through age 20. Eligible Virginians include:

- 1. "Children under the age of 21 who receive Medicaid through Medicaid/FAMIS Plus or a MCO are eligible to receive the full scope of Medicaid/EPSDT services
- 2. FAMIS children who are not enrolled with a Managed Care Organization
- MCO enrolled FAMIS children receive well child services through their MCO but are not eligible for the full scope of EPSDT treatment"<sup>2</sup>

## Medical Screening services for EPSDT include (conducted by Physicians, Physician Assistants, or Certified Nurse Practitioners):

- 1. A comprehensive health and developmental history, including assessments of both physical and mental health development.
- **2.** A comprehensive unclothed physical examination (incorporating recommendations from the AAP (American Academy of Pediatrics) policy statements and guidelines, including:
  - 1. Vision and hearing screening;
  - 2. Dental inspection and fluoride varnishes; Referral to a dentist after 1 year of age
  - 3. Nutritional assessment;
  - 4. Height/weight and Body Mass Index (BMI) assessment
  - 5. Developmental screenings should be documented in the medical record using a standardized screening tool.<sup>4</sup>

Appropriate immunizations according to age, health history and the schedule established by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practice (ACIP) for pediatric vaccines.<sup>5</sup>

### Appropriate laboratory tests:

hemoglobin/hematocrit tuberculin test (for high-risk groups) blood lead testing including venous and/or capillary specimen (finger stick), **All Medicaid-enrolled children are REQUIRED to be tested at 12 and 24 months of age**; for a new patient with unknown history up to 72months or as **appropriate for age and risk factors**<sup>6</sup>Age appropriate health education/anticipatory guidance Referral for further diagnosis and treatment or follow-up of all correctable abnormalities uncovered or suspected.

Tobacco Cessation: Medically necessary tobacco cessation services, including both counseling and pharmacotherapy, for children and adolescents shall be covered by the Contractor. The EPSDT benefit includes the provision of anticipatory guidance and risk-reduction counseling with regard to tobacco use during routine well-child visits. In addition to routine visits, additional counseling and tobacco cessation drug therapy must be provided when medically necessary for individuals under age 21.<sup>7</sup>

### EPSDT screening services shall reflect the age of the child and shall be provided periodically according to the <u>Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care of the American Academy of Pediatrics</u> and <u>Bright</u> <u>Futures</u>

\*\*Note: Some specialty services may require pre authorization\*\*

<sup>1, 3, 5, 7</sup> Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services (2018). Medallion 4.0 Managed Care Contract.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2.6</sup> Department of Medical Assistance Services (March 2012). Early, Periodic, Screening Diagnosis and Treatment EPSDT Program Fact Sheet. pp 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Department of Medical Assistance Services (November 2012). Early, Periodic, Screening Diagnosis and Treatment EPSDT. Supplement B. pp 5.



Health Plans

1	Cultin	i iurio						
Date: Name						Date of Birth	EPSDT Encounter Form Infancy (Newborn-9mons)	
Allergies						Current Medications		
NKDA Reason for		dverse Rea	actions					
	· ioit							
History					Vital Signs		Health Education/Anticipatory Guidance	
Birth History	/				BP *(>3yr)		(Check all that apply) Health	
C-Section	n 🗌 Vaqi	nal			Temp Pulse		Routine Baby Care	
Complica	_ 0				Ht	%	Shaken Baby Prevention Passive Smoke/Tobacco	
Birth Weight:					Head Circ	%	Fever Protocols	
Gestation		 1			Weight	%	Oral Health (Baby Bottle Tooth Decay Fluoride Varnish)*	
Hep B @ Birth					BMI( <u>&gt;</u> 24m)	%	Weight	
. –	L				Refer to Growth chart		Immunizations	
CCHD Scree	-		 Bilirubin		Comprehensive Physical	l Evam	TB     Counseling for Physical Activity	
Newborn Blo Nutrition	ood Screen		Diiirubiii		(unclothed)			
					<u>№ A</u>   □ □ General App	200ranoo	Counseling for Nutritional/Diet	
Breast Formula_						Dearance	Cereal/Solids	
Supplem	ents		_			nels	Colic/Fussiness/Gas	
			ncy:				Drinking from cup, no bottle propping	
					Oropharynx		Safety Sleep Positioning/Habits	
Elimination					Skin         Head/Fontanels         Eyes         Ears         Oropharynx/Throat         Oral Health*         Heart         Abdomen         Genitalia         Extremities         Spine         Neurological         Mental Health		Motor Vehicle Safety Crib	
							Safety Smoke Free Environments/Smoke Detectors	
							Injury Prevention	
Sleep	-	-					Signs of Illness/Emergency/911 Physical/Emotional Abuse	
□ <sub>Normal</sub>		Abnorm	al		Spine Neurological		Physical/Emotional Abuse     Lead	
Review of S	Systems				Mental Health		 Develop a siel/Debewiegel	
							Psychosocial/Behavioral	
							Methods to console baby	
							<ul> <li>Infant bonding</li> <li>Opportunities for exploration</li> </ul>	
							Develop routines	
Sensory Scr	eening						AAP <sup>©</sup> /Bright Futures <sup>©</sup> Pamphlet	
□ Vision *					Treatment Plan		Referrals/ Other	
Hearing Results)*	(Review Nev	wborn Heari	ng Screening					
,	ntal/Peych	hosocial/B	ehavioral Scr	eening	Immunizations recomme ☐ Hep B ☐ RV	nded per (ACIP)		
	intai/i Syci				Hib DPCV			
Age	Gross	Fine	Cognitive	Social	Influenza (beginning at	t 6 months)		
лус			-		□ Hep B #3			
2	NA	N A	N A	N A				
2 months					VIS Given		Maternal Depression Screen	
4 Maratha					 			
Months			Labs/Procedures		1 month 4 months			
o         Image: O         Im			☐ Hgb/Hct (4m)*		2 months 6 months			
9 Months								
(Refer to p	age 2) **As	' SQ-3 at 9 r	nonths	1				
MD Print N	- /				MD Signature		Date	
me i nut N	unic				ind orginature		5410	

\* Risk Assessment to be performed with appropriate actions to follow, if positive; otherwise at the standard age according to AAP/Bright Futures

There are many developmental tools used in screening and assessments. The Developmental Screening tools used may vary according to the type of screening or assessment done. DMAS-Virginia recommendations are in accordance with AAP recommendations. The examples listed below can be performed by a parent or other office staff and interpreted by the physician. These tools were designed to be very sensitive and specific with proven statistical validity. For further information, please refer to the AAP at <u>www.AAP.com</u> or <u>www.dpeds.org</u>. It is at the discretion of the physician &/or clinic to use one of the following <u>recommended</u> screening tools listed below.

### **Recommended Developmental Screening Tools**

Ages and Stages ASQ-3		<u>Child Development</u> Inventories	<u>Denver II</u>	Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development	Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status
Age range 4 months-5 years		15 months- 6 years 2 weeks-6 years		1-42 months	0-8 years

## Recommended Tools for Focused Screening for suspected health conditions:

- Cognitive Adaptive Test/Clinical Linguistic Auditory Milestone Scale Expressive and Receptive Language Scale (CAT/CLAMS),
- Language Development Survey (LDS)

## Maternal Depression- Edinburgh (EODS)

• Screening at 1, 2, 4, and 6 months

## Infant Developmental Milestones Example

Age	Gross Motor	Fine Motor	Cognitive, Linguistic, & Communication	Social, Emotional
2 months	Able to lift head, neck, shoulders while on tummy	Follows past midline	Coos & vocalizes	Smiles
4 months	<ul> <li>Rolls from front to back</li> <li>Holds head up</li> <li>Sits upright with support</li> <li>Brings hand to mouth</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Holds Rattle</li> <li>Reaches &amp; explores with fingers</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Turns to noise</li><li>Laughs</li><li>Babbles</li></ul>	<ul><li> Regard own hand</li><li> Smiles</li><li> Babbles</li></ul>
6 months	<ul> <li>Sits without support</li> <li>Crawls or scoots</li> <li>Stands with support</li> <li>Rolls back and forth</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reaches to grasp toys</li> <li>Hold things between fingers</li> <li>Pass things from one hand to the other</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turns to noises</li> <li>Turn to voice</li> <li>Repetitive syllables</li> <li>Responds to own name</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feeds self</li> <li>May start to act shy with strangers</li> <li>Self comforts</li> <li>Likes to look at self in mirror</li> </ul>
9 months	<ul> <li>Pulls to stand</li> <li>Cruises</li> <li>Crawls</li> <li>May start walking</li> <li>Gets into sitting position</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Points to items</li> <li>Shakes rattles</li> <li>Hold things between fingers</li> <li>Pass things from one hand to the other</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turns to noises</li> <li>Dada/Mama nonspecifically</li> <li>Repetitive syllables, gestures, and sounds,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Waves bye-bye</li> <li>Plays Peek-a-boo</li> <li>Afraid of strangers</li> <li>Clingy with familiar adults</li> </ul>

Sentara<sup>\*</sup> \_ الد ا

Не	ealth Pla	ns	1				
Date: Name						Date of Birth	EPSDT Encounter Form
		IKDA				Current Medications	Early Childhood (12mons-4yrs)
Adverse Re			isit				
History Birth History C-Section Vaginal Complications Birth Weight: Gestation					Vital Signs BP* (>3yr) Temp Pulse Ht Head Circ Wt DM4	% % %	Health Education/Anticipatory Guidance (Check all that apply) Health No Bottle in Bed/Bottle Propping Shaken Baby Prevention Passive Smoke/Tobacco Fever Protocols Oral Health (Dental home after 12 months)
Nutrition   Breast   Formula   Supplements   Amount:   Frequency:     WIC   Elimination   Stool     Urine     Sleep   Normal   Abnormal					Image: Name       Name         BMI       %         BMI       %         Refer to Growth chart         Comprehensive Physical Exam (unclothed)         N       A         General Appearance         Skin         Head/Fontanels         Eyes         Ears         Nose         Oropharynx/Throat         Oral Health (12m, 18m, 3yrs)*         Heart         Abdomen         Genitalia         Extremities         Spine         Neurological         Mostel Health		Gold Honde and Honde a
Sensory Screening Vision (3y-4y) * ODOSOUCorrected Ves No Hearing or (4y-6y, 8y,10y)*					Treatment Plan Immunizations recomme		Referrals/ Other
Developme	ental/Psyc	hosocial/l	Behavioral Sci	reening	PCV IPV	_	
Age	Gross	Fine	Cognitive	Social	⊟Нер А	a	
	NA	NA	NA	NA	Influenza(Yearly)		
12							
months					□ VIS Given		
15 Months					Labs/Procedures		
18					Lead (12m & 24m, 3y, 4		
Months 24					(12m & 24m; req'o	d by Medicaid)	
Months					Hgb/Hct (12 months)		
30 Months					Lipid Panel (24m and 4	ly)*	
3 Years							
4 Years							
(Refer to pag			creening (18m &				
MD Print		Autistitio		Z4III)	MD Signature		Date

\* Risk Assessment to be performed at 12 and 24 months with appropriate actions to follow, if positive; otherwise at the standard age according to AAP/Bright Futures \*\* AAP & CDC: An autism specific screening is recommended at the 18 months and 24 month visit.

There are many developmental tools used in screening and assessments. The Developmental Screening tools used may vary according to the type of screening or assessment done. DMAS-Virginia recommendations are in accordance with AAP recommendations. The examples listed below can be performed by a parent or other office staff and interpreted by the physician. These tools were designed to be very sensitive and specific with proven statistical validity. For further information, please refer to the AAP at <u>www.AAP.com</u> or <u>www.dpeds.org</u>. It is at the discretion of the physician &/or clinic to use one of the following <u>recommended</u> screening tools listed below.

### **Recommended Developmental Screening Tools**

	Ages and Stages ASQ-3	Child Development Inventories	<u>Denver II</u>	Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development	Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status
Age range	4 months-5 years	15 months- 6 years	2 weeks-6 years	1-42 months	0-8 years

## Recommended Tools for Focused screening for suspected health conditions:

- Cognitive Adaptive Test/Clinical Linguistic Auditory Milestone Scale Expressive and Receptive Language Scale (CAT/CLAMS),
- Language Development Survey (LDS),
- Modified Checklist for Autism in Toddlers (M-CHAT), Screening Tool for Autism in Toddlers and Young Children (STAT), Autism Spectrum Screening Questionnaire (ASSQ)

## **Developmental Milestones Example**

Age	Gross Motor	Fine Motor	Cognitive, Linguistic, & Communication	Social, Emotional
12 months	<ul> <li>Stands Alone</li> <li>Cruises/Walks</li> <li>Climbs steps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stacks blocks</li> <li>Shakes rattles</li> <li>Finger Feeds</li> <li>Drinks from cup</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>1 word</li> <li>Mama/dada specifically</li> <li>Follows simple directions</li> <li>Object permanence</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Participates in games i.e. Peek-a-boo &amp;Pat-A-Cake</li> <li>Afraid of strangers</li> <li>Separation Anxiety</li> </ul>
15 months	<ul><li>Walk backwards</li><li>Walk up steps</li><li>Run</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Scribbles</li> <li>Turn pages</li> <li>Stack &gt; 2 blocks</li> <li>Uses Cup, spoon, fork</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands Directions</li> <li>Vocalizes 3 or more words</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Initiates games</li> <li>Afraid of strangers</li> <li>Separation Anxiety</li> </ul>
18 months	<ul> <li>Walk up steps</li> <li>Run</li> <li>Kicks</li> <li>Jumps</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stacks &gt; 4-6 blocks</li> <li>Picks up small pieces</li> <li>Uses Cup, spoon, fork</li> <li>Scribbles</li> <li>Helps undress self</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Able to point to 1 body part</li> <li>Vocalizes 3-6 words</li> <li>Understands actions verbs</li> <li>Shakes head 'No"</li> <li>Points to things they want</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expresses affection</li> <li>Pretend Play</li> <li>Tantrums</li> </ul>
24 months/ 2yrs	<ul> <li>Throws</li> <li>Jumps</li> <li>Kicks</li> <li>Pedals a bike</li> <li>Run</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stacks &gt; 4-6 blocks</li> <li>Draws lines/circles</li> <li>Undress/Simple Dressing</li> <li>Feeds self</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Combines words/Names 1 picture</li> <li>Able to point to &gt; 1 body part</li> <li>Speech half understandable</li> <li>Follow simple commands</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Toilet training</li> <li>Pretend Play/ parallel play</li> <li>Gender Identification</li> <li>Showing more independence</li> </ul>
30 months	<ul> <li>Throws</li> <li>Jumps</li> <li>Balances on 1 foot</li> <li>Pedals a bike</li> <li>Climbs well</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stacks &gt; 6-8 blocks</li> <li>Draws lines/circles</li> <li>Matches color &amp; shapes</li> <li>Undress/ Dressing partially</li> <li>Feeds self</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Able to point to &gt; 6 body parts</li> <li>Names &gt; 4 picture</li> <li>Speech half understandable</li> <li>Follow 2-3 step commands</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Toilet training</li> <li>Pretend Play</li> <li>Gender Identification</li> <li>Understands "mine", "his", "hers"</li> </ul>
36 months/ 3yrs	<ul> <li>Throws</li> <li>Jumps</li> <li>Balances on 1 foot</li> <li>Pedals a bike</li> <li>Alternate feet up/down stairs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stacks &gt; 8 blocks</li> <li>Draws figures/ copies circle</li> <li>Uses scissors</li> <li>Undress/ Dressing partially</li> <li>Feeds self</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Speech understandable</li> <li>Names colors</li> <li>Understands concepts of 1</li> <li>Sorts</li> <li>3 word sentences</li> <li>Follow 2-3 step commands</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Toilet training</li> <li>Pretend Play/Plays with other children</li> <li>Shows empathy</li> <li>Knows name and age</li> <li>Understands "mine", "his", "hers"</li> </ul>

4 yrs.	<ul> <li>Hops</li> <li>Jumps on 1 foot</li> <li>Pedals a bike</li> <li>Alternate feet up/down stairs</li> <li>Catches</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Draws person with 3 parts</li> <li>Undress/ Dressing Self</li> <li>Copies circles</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4-5 word sentences</li> <li>Talks about daily activity</li> <li>Can give first and last name</li> <li>Tells stories</li> <li>Memorizes poems/songs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sings</li> <li>Pretend Play Plays with others</li> <li>Distinguishes fantasyfrom reality</li> <li>More creative</li> <li>Cooperates with friends</li> </ul>
--------	--	---	--	--

Sentara <sup>®</sup> Health Plans		
Date:	Name	Date of Birth
Allergies	ions	Current Medi

							Middle Childhood (5yrs-10yrs)
Allergies		verse Reac	tions			Current Medications	
Reason for	Visit						
History   Nutrition   Adequate Diet   Supplements   Physical Activity     Elimination   Stool   Urine     Sleep   Normal   Abnormal     Review of Systems     Sensory Screening   Vision (5y-6y, 8y, 10y)*   OD   OS   OU   Corrected   Yes   No					Vital Signs         BP         T         P         Ht         %         Wt         %         Wt         %         BMI         %         MI         %         Mil         %         BMI         %         Mathematical Exametric         (unclothed)         N         A         General Appearance         Skin         Head/Fontanels         Eyes         Ears         Nose         Oropharynx/Throat         Dental Structure         Lungs         Heart         Abdomen         Genitalia         Extremities         Spine         Neurological         Mental Health		Health Education/Anticipatory Guidance (Check all that apply)         Health         Oral Health (6 yrs)         Weight         Counseling for Physical Activity         Tobacco Cessation         Puberty*         Counseling for Nutritional/Diet         Healthy Eating         Supplements         Safety         Motor Vehicle Safety         Injury Prevention         Stranger Danger         Physical/Emotional Abuse-gun safety         Bullying         Peer Pressure         Conflict resolution         Express feelings         Transition to School
Developme	ental Scree	ening			Treatment Plan Immunizations recommended per (ACIP) DTap/DTP IPV MMR Varicella Influenza (Yearly)		Referrals
Age	Gross	Fine	Cognitive	Social			
5	NA	ΝA	N A	NA	□Varicella         □Influer           □SARS/Cov2         □ Other		
5 Years					VIS Given		
6 Years					Labs/Procedures		
7 Years					□Lead (5y-6y)*		
8 Years 00 00 00			Hgb/Hct *				
9 Years			Lipid Panel (9y-11y)*				
10 Years □□ □□ □□					☐ Other		
(Refer to pa	age 2)						
MD Print	Name				MD Signature		Date

**EPSDT Encounter Form** 

\* Risk Assessment to be performed with appropriate actions to follow, if positive; otherwise at the standard age according to AAP/Bright Futures

There are many developmental tools used in screening and assessments. The Developmental Screening tools used may vary according to the type of screening or assessment done. DMAS-Virginia recommendations are in accordance with AAP recommendations. The examples listed below can be performed by a parent or other office staff and interpreted by the physician. These tools were designed to be very sensitive and specific with proven statistical validity. For further information, please refer to the AAP at <u>www.AAP.com or</u> <u>www.dpeds.org</u>. It is at the discretion of the physician &/or clinic to use one of the following <u>recommended</u> screening tools listed below.

## **Recommended Developmental Screening Tools**

	Ages and Stages	Child Development Inventories	<u>Denver II</u>	Bayley Scales of Infant and Toddler Development	Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status
Age range	4 months-5 years	15 months- 6 years	2 weeks-6 years	1-42 months	0-8 years

## Recommended Tools for Focused screening for suspected health conditions:

- Cognitive Adaptive Test/Clinical Linguistic Auditory Milestone Scale Expressive and Receptive Language Scale (CAT/CLAMS),
- Language Development Survey (LDS)

### **Developmental Milestones Example**

Age	Gross Motor	Fine Motor	Cognitive, Linguistic, & Communication	Social, Emotional
5 -6 yrs	<ul> <li>Skips, climbs, hops</li> <li>Balances on 1 foot</li> <li>Can bounce a ball 4-6 times; throws and catches.</li> <li>Heel to toe walk</li> <li>Balances on one foot</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Draws person w/ &gt; 3 parts</li> <li>Undress/ Dressing Self</li> <li>Begins to print letters</li> <li>Takes care of own toileting needs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4-5 word sentences</li> <li>Recalls stories</li> <li>Recalls name &amp; address</li> <li>Uses future tense</li> <li>Recites ABC's</li> <li>Can count up to 100, print first name, print numbers up to 10 and print a few letters.</li> <li>Knows name and address</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sings, dances, acts</li> <li>Distinguishes fantasy from reality</li> <li>Shows more independence</li> <li>Makes friends at school</li> </ul>
7-8 yrs	<ul> <li>Skates.</li> <li>Can ride a bicycle.</li> </ul>	Can tie shoes	<ul> <li>Knows right from left.</li> <li>Can draw a person with six body parts</li> <li>ability to understand others' perspectives</li> <li>Performing at grade level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Beginning to learn sport specific skills</li> <li>Relationships outside the family increase in importance</li> </ul>
9-10 yrs	Ask parents if they have child's developn	any concerns about their nent or behavior	<ul> <li>Able to tell time.</li> <li>Can read for pleasure</li> <li>ability to understand others' perspectives</li> <li>Increased academic challenges at school</li> <li>Performing at grade level</li> <li>Increase in independent decision making</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Likes to belong to informal "clubs" formed by children themselves.</li> <li>Has a sense of humor</li> <li>Relationships outside the family increase in importance</li> <li>Experience more Peer Pressure</li> <li>Aware of body image</li> </ul>

	<b>entara</b> ealth Pla						
Date:	aitii Fia	115	Name			Date of Birth	EPSDT Encounter Form Adolescence (11yrs-20yrs)
Allergies		erse Reacti				Current Medications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			0115				
Reason for Visit   History   Nutrition   Adequate Diet   Supplements   Physical Activity     Elimination   Stool   Urine     Sleep   Normal   Abnormal     Review of Systems     Sensory Screening   Vision (universal based on risk assessment)   OD   OD   Corrected   Yes   No   Hearing* Once between 11-14y, 15-18y & 18-21y					Vital Signs         BP         T         P         Ht         Wt         BMI         Refer to Growth chart         Comprehensive Physical (unclothed)         N       A         General App         Skin         Head/Fonta         Eyes         Ears         Nose         Oropharynx         Lungs         Heart         Abdomen         Genitalia         Extremities         Spine         Neurologica         Mental Heal	bearance nels /Throat cture	Health Education/Anticipatory Guidance (Check all that apply)         Health         Body Image         Oral Health         Weight         Counseling for Physical         Tobacco Cessation         Counseling for Nutritional/Diet         Healthy Eating         Supplements         Safety         Motor Vehicle Safety         Injury Prevention         Signs of Illness/Emergency/911         Physical/Emotional Abuse- gun safety         Substance abuse (tobacco, alcohol, drugs)*         STI counseling/screening*         Pregnancy*         Social/Academic         Bullying/ Peer Pressure         Conflict Resolution and avoiding         Limit Setting, rules for responsibility         Transition to School/Work         Emotional Well         Support System         Interpersonal Relationships         Depression Screen
Developm							AAP <sup>©/</sup> Bright Futures <sup>©</sup> Pamphlet
Age	Gross	Fine	Cognitive	Social	Treatment Plan		Referrals
12 -13	NA	NA	NA	NA	Immunizations recomme	nded per (ACIP)	
yrs					□ Tdap / TD □ HP □ MCV/Booster □ M( □ Influenza (Yearly) □	V (3 doses) CB	
14-15 yrs					Other (High Risk Grou		
16-17 yrs					VIS Given Labs/Procedures		
18-21 yrs					Lipid Profile (once bet	ween 17-21y) *	
(Refer to pa	age 2)				<ul> <li>STI (if sexually active)</li> <li>Pelvic/ Pap (Age 21 or</li> <li>HIV Screening (once the second sec</li></ul>	* r older)*	
MD Print N	lame				MD Signature		Date

\* Risk Assessment to be performed with appropriate actions to follow, if positive; otherwise at the standard age according to AAP/Bright Futures

There are many developmental tools used in screening and assessments. The Developmental Screening tools used may vary according to the type of screening or assessment done. DMAS-Virginia recommendations are in accordance with AAP recommendations. The examples listed below can be performed by a parent or other office staff and interpreted by the physician. These tools were designed to be very sensitive and specific with proven statistical validity. For further information, please refer to the AAP at <u>www.AAP.com</u> or <u>www.dpeds.org</u>. It is at the discretion of the physician &/or clinic to use one of the following <u>recommended</u> screening tools listed below.

## Recommended Developmental Screening Tools

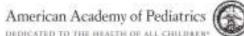
- Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status (PEDS),
- Ages and Stages Questionnaire (ASQ),
- GAPs Guidelines for Adolescent Preventive Services (GAPS)
- CRAFFT Screening Interview

## Recommended Tools for Focused screening for suspected health conditions:

- Cognitive Adaptive Test/Clinical Linguistic Auditory Milestone Scale Expressive and Receptive Language Scale (CAT/CLAMS),
- Language Development Survey (LDS)
- Depression Screening 11y-21y
   Developmental Milestones Example

Age	Gross Motor	Fine Motor	Cognitive, Linguistic, & Communication	Social, Emotional			
11-14 yrs		<ul> <li>Ability to understand others' perspectives</li> <li>More ability to think hypothetically</li> <li>Performing at grade level</li> <li>Increase in independent decision making</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>More independence from parents &amp; family.</li> <li>Stronger sense of right and wrong.</li> <li>Beginning awareness of the future.</li> <li>Growing understanding about one's place in the world.</li> <li>More attention to friendships &amp; teamwork.</li> <li>Peer acceptance</li> <li>Moodiness</li> </ul>			
15-17 yrs			<ul> <li>More defined work habits</li> <li>More concern about future educational and vocational plans</li> <li>Greater ability to sense right and wrong</li> <li>Performing at grade level</li> <li>Increase in independent decision making</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increased interest in the opposite sex</li> <li>Decreased conflict with parents</li> <li>Increased independence from parents</li> <li>Capacity for caring and sharing</li> <li>Development of more intimate relationships</li> <li>More time spent with peers</li> </ul>			
18-21 yrs	Complete proce maturation, usually heig Ask parents if they h about their child's behavior (if a	attaining full adult ht ave any concerns development or	Increase in independent decision making	<ul> <li>Adult relationships with their parents</li> <li>Peer group become less important as a determinant of behavior</li> <li>Feel empathy</li> <li>Increased intimacy skills</li> <li>Moral values</li> <li>Feelings of invincibility</li> <li>Established body image</li> </ul>			

## **Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care**



DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN®

Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics

Each child and family is unique; therefore, these Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care are designed Refer to the specific guidance by age as listed in the Bright Futures Guidelines (Hagan JF, Shaw JS, Duncan PM, eds. Copyright © 2021 by the American Academy of Pediatrics, updated March 2021. Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents. 4th ed. American Academy of Pediatrics 2017).

No part of this statement may be reproduced in any form or by any means without prior written permission from the American Academy of Pediatrics except for one copy for personal use.

disease issues for children and adolescents may require frequent counseling and treatment visits separate from preventive care visits. Additional visits also may become necessary if circumstances suggest variations from normal. These recommendations represent a consensus by the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and Bright Futures.

for the care of children who are receiving competent parenting, have no manifestations of any important health

problems, and are growing and developing in a satisfactory fashion. Developmental, psychosocial, and chronic

The recommendations in this statement do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate.

The Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care are

The AAP continues to emphasize the great importance of continuity of care in comprehensive health supervision and the need to avoid fragmentation of care.

	1			NFANCY							EARLY	CHELDHOO	D		_		N	IDDLE C	HILDHOO	Ó	- 7			
ACE	Prenatal	Newbum			2 mg	4 mg	6 mp	200	12 mo	15 mg	18 mp	24 mg	30 mp	3 9	4 9	57	6.	74	8.9	99	10 9	117	12 y	13 9
HISTORY	1.000	1000	1.5	12.2	1000	1000	1000	122.22			1000					1			1100	1.5	1	12.00		0.025
initial/Interval	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
MEASUREMENTS		0	1	9	-	1	-		-								0	1		-	1	-	-	-
Longth/Height and Weight		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Head OccumPetence		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•					Q 2				1	-		
Weight far Length		•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•														
Budy Mass index <sup>5</sup>	-	6	1.1	2	-	1			-		· · · · ·	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Blood Pressurs*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	٠	•	•
SENSORY SCREENING					_																			
Vision?							•			*				٠	•	•	•		•		•	*	•	*
Hearing					-						*					•	•				•	-		
DEVELOPMENTAL/BEHAVIORAL HEALTH		(i)		4													4 - 3			1			-	
Developmental Screening!		6	14	() ——				•			•		•				S	0						
Autism Spectrum Disurder Screening <sup>14</sup>												•												
Developmental Surveillance		•	•	•	•	•			•	•	1.000	•		٠	•	•		•	•	•	•	٠	•	•
Psychosocial/Behavioral Assessment**		•	•			•	•		•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•			•	•	•		•	•
Tabacco, Alcohol, or Drug Use Assessment**																						*	*	*
Depression Screening <sup>17</sup>		8	0	8		190-10											2 ÷	0 - 0		1 C				
Maternal Depression Screening*				٠			•			_								-			1			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION*																								
PROCEDUMES**				1		15 5	-		1.1			1.1					11000			1	101000	-		
Newburn Blood		•*		_	+										-			_						
Newborn Billinubin <sup>14</sup>				10		12						-									1 3			-
Critical Congenital Heart Defect <sup>17</sup>															1					-				
Immunization <sup>11</sup>												•			•									
Anamia <sup>la</sup>				5		*					*		*	*	*				*	*	*			
Load <sup>10</sup>					1		*			-	*	• ar • *		*		*	*							
Tabertulosa <sup>1</sup>						1						*		*	*	*	*	*	*		*	*	*	
Öysäpistemia <sup>20</sup>		0		(t) ==													*	1000	*	-		-	*	*
Sexually Transmitted Infections <sup>10</sup>																							*	
HEV		0		0													0			-			*	
Hepatitis C Visus Infection*		2	1	1		1				_		-			-1-1					-	1.1			
Cervical Dygilatia <sup>11</sup>				2						-				1			1			-	1			
ORAL HEALTH"		0		0	-								*					1			1 1	-		-
Pluoriste Varnish**					-		+		-		- •			a set la	Conclusion of the local division of the loca	-								
Fluoride Supplementation**		0		0																				
ANTICIPATORY GUIDANCE										•														
	-				-	-	-	-					-	-	-	_	ad an other division of				-	- 0°		-

updated annually.

1. If a child comes under sare for the first time at any point on the schedule, or if any term are not accomplished at the suggested age, the schedule should be brought up to date at the earliest possible time.

2. A prenatal whit is recommended for parents who are at high risk, for first-time parents, and for those who request a conference. The prematal visit should include anticipatory guidaress, pertinent medical history, and a discussion of benefits of terestheeding and planned method of feeding, per "The Prenatal Visit" (https://pediatrics.appph/kiation.org/content/142/1/s20181210) 3. Newborns should have an evaluation after birth, and lewastfeeding should be encouraged (and instruction and support should

in offeresti

4. Newborn: should have an evaluation within 3 to 5 days of brith and within 48 to 72 hours after discharge from the hospital to include evaluation for feeding and jacrides. Breastfeeding newborns should means feeding evaluation, and their mothers should receive encouragement and instruction, as recommended in "Insettleeding and the Use of Human M44\* (http://pediatrics.eepoul/dications.em/upther/c128/3/s627.full). Newborns discharged less than 48 hours after delivery must be examined within 48 hours of discharge, per "Houpital Stay for Healthy Term Newborns" (Imput enflattics excatablications registeritent/125/2/405 Adds

Schein, per "Expert Committee Recommendations Regarding the Prevention, Assessment, and Treatment of Child and Adolescent Overweight and Obesity: Summary Report "Optic/perdictics association ana/content/120/Supplement\_4/S164AuD

6. Scienting should occur per "Clinical Practice Guideline for Scienting and Management of High Bood Pressure in Children and Adulescents" (http://pedetrics.anundshorterscent/centers//MO2/Ad02210505. Elsed pressure resascement in infants and shideen with specific risk conditions should be performed at visits before age 3 years.

- 2. A visual acuity interest is recommended at ages 4 and 5 years, as well as in cooperative 3 year-olds. Instrument-based screening may be used to assess risk at ages 12 and 24 months, in addition to the well visits at 3 through 5 years of age. See 'Visual System Assessment in Infants, Children, and Young Adults by Pediatricians' (http://pediatrici.aigoublication.org/ content/13770/42015355m) and "Procedures for the Deduction of the Visual System by Pediatrician BHID//pediatrics/anapublications.org/vionent/1127/14/201535071 Confern initial screen was completed, wrify reads, and follow up, as appropriate. Newborns should be screened, per
- "Year 2007 Position Statement: Principles and Guidelines for Early Hearing Detaction and Intervention Programs" Unity //pediatrics.augpublications.org/content/120/4/893.hdb. Verify results as soon as possible, and follow up, as appropriate
- 10. Screen with audiometry including 6,000 and 8,000 Hz Nigh Treguencies once between 11 and 14 years, once between 15 and 17 years, and once between 18 and 21 years. See "The Sensitivity of Adulescent Hearing Screens Significantly Improves

by Adding High Pressentier" (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/stocpis/10054120X16050480). 11. Sciencing should occur per Promoting Optimal Development: Identifying Infants and Young Children With Developmental Disorders Through Developmental Surveillance and Scheming' (https://padlahics.aspp.ddications.org/content/145/1/ 620193449

12. Screening should assur per Toleninfication, Evaluation, and Managament of Children With Aution Spectrum Obenier Ththis//pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/145/1/9201934473

- Problems" Potp://psetanvcs.aspp.dvcations.org/content/135/2/1845.and "Powerty and Child Health in the United States" Proprietation's appendications org/content/137/4/e201603198. 14. A recommended assessment tool is available at <a href="https://content/137/4/e201603198">https://content/137/4/e201603198</a>.
- ediatrics approbilizations org/content/145/1/s20183258
- http://piedkims.augpublications.org/commit/127/54991.haf5
- 16. procedures and programs.



	ADC	LESCENC	£				
14 y	15 7	Iny	17.7	18 y	19 y	20 y	21 9
5					1	1	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		-	-	-	-		-
•	•	•			•		
•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•
*	•	*					
*	-		*	-	-		-
•	•		•	•			
		•					•
	*	*			+	*	*
*	•	•			•		•
	•	•	•		•	•	•
			_			_	
		-					
		•					
*	*	*	*		*		*
	*	*					*
	*	*	+		-		-
*	*	*					*
*	-						*
				•			* * * * *
				-	-	-	•
			-	-	-		-
*	•	*	-				

13. This assessment should be family centered and may include an assessment of child social-emotional health, caregiver depression, and social determinants of health. See "Promoting Optimal Development: Screening for Behavioral and Emotional

15. Recommended screening using the Patient Health Questionnians (PHQE2 or other tools available in the GLAD-PC toolkit and at https://doendoads.asp.org/AAP/PDF/Mantal\_Peatte\_Tools\_Bir\_Pediatrics.pdf. 18. Screening should accur per "Incorporating Recognition and Management of Perinatal Degression Into Pediate: Practical

17. At each wirk, age appropriate physical examination is exempted, with infant totality unclothed and older children undressed and suitably draped. See "Use of Chaperones During the Physical Examination of the Pediatric Patient"

These may be modified, depending on entry point into schedule and individual need.

19. Confirm Initial screen was accomplished, verify results, and follow up, as appropriate. The Recommended Uniform Screening Parel (https://www.leca.gov/advisory.committaecher.table\_disorder.exeppindes.ton), as determined by The Secretary's Advisory Committee on Plentable Chorden in Newborns and Okithen, and state newborn screening levo/regulations https://www.bubysfestbeit.org/newborn-is revening/states] establish the otheria for and coverage of newborn ischering

(continued)

#### (continued)

- 20. Verify neults as soon as possible, and follow up, as appropriate.
- 21. Confirm initial scienting was accomplished; welly results, and follow up, as appropriate. See "Hyperbilinubmerrise in the Newborn Infant x35 Weeks' Gestation: An Update With Certifications\* (http://pediatrics.aeppublications.org/content/1244/1193).
- 22. Screening for mitical congenital heart disease using pulse primatry should be performed in newborn, after 24 hours of age, before discharge from the hospital, per "Endorsement of Health and Human Services Recommendation for Pulse Oximetry Screening for Critical Congenital Heart Disease\* 01ttp://pediatrics.asppoblications.org/consent/129/1/190.full). 23. Schedules, per the AAP Committee on Infectious Diseases, are available at
- https://webbook.solutions.aap.org/55/immunization\_Schedules.aspx. Every stat should be an opportunity to update and complete a child's immunizations -
- 24. Perform risk assessment or screening, as appropriate, per recommendations in the current edition of the AAP Pediatric Nutrition: Policy of the American Academy of Analastrics (Irom chapter).
- 25. For children at risk of lead exposure, see "Prevention of Childhood Lead Toxicity" Ontro/Jperlatics.acepublications.org/content/138/1/e20101403) and "Low Level Load Exposure Harms (2slights, A Reserved Call for Primary Prevention" http://www.cdc.gov/ncsh/lead/ACCLPP/Final\_Document\_030712.pdf).
- 26. Perform role assessments or schemings as appropriate, based on universal screening requirements for patients with Medicaid or in high prevalence areas.
- 27. Tuberculosis testing per recommendations of the AAP Committee on infactious Diseases, published in the current addition of the AAP Red Book: Report of the Committee on infectious Diseases. Testing should be performed an recognition of high-risk factors.
- 28. See "Integrated Guidelines for Cardiovascular Health and Risk Reduction in Children and Adolescents' (http://www.nhlti.mh.gov/publices/cyd\_ped/index.html
- 29. Adolescents should be screened for sexually transmitted infections (57b) per recommendations in the current edition of the AAP Red Book Report of the Committee on Infectious Disease
- 30. Adolescents should be screened for HIV according to the US Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommendations (https://www.upreventiveservicestablocs.org/ uppstf/wcommendation/turner-lemminolafidiency-shue fev-infaction-acceming/ vicett/wammendation/human lai once between the ages of 15 and 18, making every effort to preserve confidentiality of the addiescent. Those at increased risk of HW infection, including those who are sesually active, participate in injection drug use, or are being tested for other STIs, should be tested for HfV and reassasted annually.

- 31. All individuals should be screened for hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection according to the USPSTF (https://www.uspreventiveservicestaildone.org/uspdf/recommendation/ hepatitis-c-screatured and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommendations (http://www.cdc.gov/mmet/volumes/89/n/n5902a1.htm3 at least once between the ages of 18 and 79. Those at increased risk of HCV infection, including those who are persons with past or current injection drug use, should be tested for HCV infection and reassessed annually.
- 12. See USPSTF recommendations (https://www.uspreventivesanicostackforce.org/uspit// recommendation/cervical-carcer screening). Indications for pelve: examinations prior to age 21 are noted in "Generologic Examination for Adolescents in the Pediatric Office. Setting Ortp://pediatrics.asppublications.org/content/126/3/583.full)
- 33. Assess whether the shift has a dental home. If no dental home is identified, perform a risk assessment (https://www.sap.org/en-or/is/workey-and-pality/ aco-health-initiatives/Coal-Health/Pleps/Oral-Health-Practice-Teols.acod and refer to a dental home. Recommend brushing with fluoride tootheaste in the proper dissage for aga. See "Maintaining and Improving the Oral Health of Young Children\* (http://pediatrics.appublications.org/content/134/6/1224).
- Perform a risk assessment (https://www.auguorgive.ac.advecary.and-pulling, aug-bradth initiatives Crial Health/Pages/Dral-Health Proc tice. Exol. augu) See "Maintaining and Improving the Oral Health of Young Children"
- Prtp://pediatrics.aepp.dfl.ation, org/content/134/6/1224). 35. See USPSIF recommendations (https://www.org/eventives.arvi.edu.dktors.org/ Page Onsument/UpdateGummaryFinal/Gental-Games in children from birth-Ihmugh age 5 years scienting, Once teeth are present, fluoride yarrish may be applied to all children every 1 to 6 months in the primary care or dental office. Indications for fluoride use are noted in "Fluoride Use in Carles Prevention in the Primary Care Setting" (http://pediatrics.aepochfications.org/commt/13450(20). 36. If primary water source is deficient in fluoride, consider and fluoride supplementation.
- See "Fluoride Use in Carles Prevention in the Primary Care Setting" (http://pudiatrics. asprublications.org/content/134/3/6200.

#### Summary of Changes Made to the Bright Futures for Preventive Pediatric Health Care (Peri

This schedule reflects changes approved in November 2020 and published in changes made, visit www.aap.org/periodi

### CHANGES MADE IN NOVEMBER 2020

#### DEVELOPMENTAL

· Footnote 11 has been updated to read as follows: "Screening should occur per Pri Identifying Infant and Young Children With Developmental Disorders Through Dev (https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/145/1/e20193449);\*

#### AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER

 Footnote 12 has been updated to read as follows: "Screening should occur per Iden With Autism Spectrum Disorder' (https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/14

#### HEPATITIS C VIRUS INFECTION

- Screening for hepatitis C virus infection has been added to occur at least once betw recommendations of the USPSTF and CDC).
- Footnote 31 has been added to read as follows: "All individuals should be screene the USPSTF (https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/recommend/ Control and Prevention (CDC) recommendations (https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/vo the ages of 18 and 79. Those at increased risk of HCV infection, including those will use, should be tested for HCV infection and reassessed annually."
- Footnotes 31 through 35 have been renumbered as footnotes 32 through 36.

#### CHANGES MADE IN OCTOBER 2019

#### MATERNAL DEPRESSION

· Footnote 16 has been updated to read as follows: "Screening should occur per 'inco Depression Into Pediatric Practice' (https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content

#### CHANGES MADE IN DECEMBER 2018

#### BLOOD PRESSURE

Footnote 6 has been updated to read as follows: "Screening should occur per 'Clinic Practice Guideline for Screening and Management of High Blood Pressure in Childr org/content/140/3/e20171904). Blood pressure measurement in infants and childre visits before age 3 years."

#### ANEMIA

 Footnote 24 has been updated to read as follows: "Perform risk assessment or screet current edition of the AAP Pediatric Nutrition: Policy of the American Academy of Pedi

#### LEAD

 Footnote 25 has been updated to read as follows: "For children at risk of lead exposu (http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/138/1/e20161493) and 'Low Level Lead Exposure Harms Children: A Renewed Call for Primary Prevention' (https://www.cdc.gov/nceh/lead/ACCLPP/Final\_Document\_030712.pdf).\*



s/AAP Recommendations iodicity Schedule)
in March 2021. For updates and a list of previous icityschedule.
romoting Optimal Development: velopmental Surveillance and Screening'
ntification, Evaluation, and Management of Children 45/1/e20193447)."
ween the ages of 18 and 79 years (to be consistent with
ed for hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection according to ation/hepatitis-c-screening) and Centers for Disease <u>olumes/69/m/re6902a1.htm</u> ) at least once between who are persons with past or current injection drug
orporating Recognition and Management of Perinatal /143/1/e20183259j.*
cal iren and Adolescents' ( <u>http://pediatrics.aappublications.</u> ren with specific risk conditions should be performed at
ening, as appropriate, per recommendations in the Natrics (Iron chapter)."
ure, see 'Prevention of Childhood Lead Toxicity' ead Exposure Harms Children: A Renewed Call for



This program is suggestivel by the finality Resources and Terrorage Administration are SHESH of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHE) as part of an except lotating \$5,000,000 with 13 percent financed with nerv governme spanials. The conducts are these of the authority and do not required in a present the official class of our in electrometers, by 1985, 1995, in the U.S. Generement, For inservisition, please and the second



## Vaccine Administration Codes Childhood Immunizations

Immunization	СРТ	HCPCS	ICD-10-CM Diagnosis*					
DTaP	90698, 90700, 90721, 90723							
IPV	90698, 90713, 90723							
MMR	90707, 90710							
Measles and Rubella	90708							
Measles	90705		B05.0-B05.9, B05.81, B05.89					
Meningococcal B	90621, 90620							
Mumps	90704		B26.0-B26.9, B26.1- B26.3, B26.81-B26.89,					
Rubella	90706, 86762		B06.0-B06.9, B06.01- B06.09, B06.81- B06.89					
HiB	90645-90648, 90698, 90721, 90748							
Hepatitis A	90633		B15.0, B15.9					
Hepatitis B**	90723, 90740-90748, 90744	G0010	B16.2, B19.11, B19.9					
VZV	90710, 90716		B01.11, B01.12, B01.2, B01.8-B01.9					
Pneumococcal conjugate	90669, 90670	G0009						
Rotavirus	(3-dose) 90680, (2-dose) 90681							
Influenza	90655, 90657, 90661, 90662, 90673, 90685	G0008						
SARS-CoV2	0071A (first dose), 0072A (second dose)		U07.1, B97.21					

\* ICD-10-CM Diagnosis codes indicate evidence of disease.

\*\* The two-dose hepatitis B antigen Recombivax is recommended for children between 11 and 14 years of age only and is not included in this table.

# Vaccine Administration Codes Adolescent Immunizations

Immunization	СРТ
Meningococcal	90733, 90734
Meningococcal B	90621, 90620
Tdap	90715
Td	90714, 90718
Tetanus	90703
Diphtheria	90719
HPV	(Detection) 87620, 87621, 87622, (Vaccine) 90649, 90650, 90651
SARS-CoV2	0071A (first dose), 0072A (second dose)

Sources: American Medical Association (AMA) (2019). HEDIS® 2019, Volume 2. National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) (2019). (Please refer to CPT<sup>©</sup>, HEDIS®, HCPCS, ICD-10 resources for most up to date codes)



Well Child Visit Codes

Other Codes
Screening Codes

	Screening Codes			
	Initial Screenings New Patients			
Description	Age	CPT Codes		
	Less than 1 year of age	99381*		
	1-4	99382*++		
	5-11	99383*		
	12-17	99384*		
	18-20	99385*		
	Periodic Screenings Established Patients			
Description	Age	СРТ		
	Less than 1 year of age	99391*		
	1-4	99392*++		
	5-11	99393*		
	12-17	99394*		
	18-20	99395*		
	ription	ICD 10 CM Codes		
Encounter for general examination witho	Z00 Z00.1			
Encounter for newborn, infa	Encounter for newborn, infant and child health examinations			
Encounter for oth	er general examination	Z00.8		
Encounter for routing	e child health examination	Z00.12		
Encounter for other a	dministrative examinations	Z02.89		
Encounter for routine child health	examination without abnormal findings	Z00.129		
	ealth Examination	Z00.11		
Health examination fo	r newborn under 8 days old	Z00.110		
	r newborn 8 to 28 days old	Z00.111		
Examination for	participation in sports	Z02.5		
Des	cription	CPT Codes		
Vision Screenings	Screening test of visual acuity	99173		
Hearing Screenings	Screening test, pure tone, air only	92551		
	Pure tone audiometry	92552		
Lead Screenings (Mandatory 12m & 24m)	By Lab	83655++		
Developmental Screenings		96110		
Developmental Testing		9611		

Description	CPT	ICD-10-CM Diagnosis	HCPCS
Child BMI percentile		Z68.51-Z68.54	
Counseling for nutrition	97802-97804	Z71.3	G0270, G0271, G0447, S9449, S9452,
Counseling for physical activity			G0447, S9451

\* Use appropriate immunization codes for scheduled immunizations

++ Lead testing required at 12 and 24 months

Sources: National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) (2019). HEDIS ® 2019, Volume 2 Value Set Directory.



#### **Resources**

Bright Futures

American Academy of Pediatrics 141 Northwest Point Blvd. Elk Grove Village, IL, 60007 Phone: (847)434-4000

(https://brightfutures.aap.org/materials-and-tools/guidelines-andpocket-guide/Pages/default.aspx)

Bright Futures Virginia

Division of Woman's and Infants' Health 109 Governor Street, 825C Richmond, VA 23219 Phone: (888) 942-3663 Website: http://www.vahealth.org/brightfutures/ E-mail: WICInfo@vdh.virginia.gov

### Centers for Disease Control & Prevention

1600 Clifton Rd. Atlanta, GA 30333, USA 800-CDC-INFO (800-232-4636) TTY: (888) 232-6348 Website: <u>http://www.cdc.gov</u>

#### **Department of Health and Human Services**

Health Resources and Services Administration Website: <u>http://mchb.hrsa.gov/epsdt/</u> E-mail: <u>ask@hrsa.gov</u>

### **Department of Medical Assistance Services**

600 East Broad Street, Richmond, Virginia 23219 DMAS<sup>®</sup>, Commonwealth of Virginia 2008 Website: <u>http://www.dmas.virginia.gov</u> E-mail: <u>dmasinfo@dmas.virginia.gov</u>

#### Infant and Toddler Connection of Virginia

Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services 1220 Bank Street, 9th Floor P.O. Box 1797 Richmond, Virginia 23219-1797 Main Office: (804) 786-3710. Main Fax: (804) 371-7959 Website: <u>www.infantva.org</u>

#### Virginia Medicaid

Phone (In-State) - 800-552-8627 Phone (Out of State) 804-786-6273 https://www.virginiamedicaid.dmas.virginia.gov/wps/portal/Home



#### **References**

- 1. American Academy of Pediatrics. (2019). Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children and Adolescents. 4th Edition. Retrieved November 2019 from http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/124/4/1227.full.
- 2. American Academy of Pediatrics. (2019). Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care. Retrieved November 2019 from <a href="https://www.aap.org/periodicityschedule">www.aap.org/periodicityschedule</a>.
- 3. Centers for Disease Control and Preventions (CDC) (2019). Learn the Signs. Act Early. Developmental milestones checklist. Retrieved November 2019 from <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/milestones/index.html">http://www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/actearly/milestones/index.html</a>.
- 4. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (CDC) (2019). Autism Spectrum Disorders. Recommendations & Guidelines. Retrieved November 2019 from <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/ncbdd/autism/hcp-recommendations.html">http://www.cdc.gov/ncbdd/autism/hcp-recommendations.html</a>
- 5. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (CDC) (2019). Immunization Schedules. Retrieved November 2019 from, <u>http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/easy-to-read/child.html</u>
- 6. Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS) (July 1, 2019). Commonwealth of Virginia (DMAS). Medallion IV Managed Care Contract. November 2019.
- 7. Department of Medical Assistance Services (2019). Early, Periodic, Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment EPSDT Program Fact Sheet. Retrieved November 2019 from, http://www.dmas.virginia.gov
- 8. MedLine Plus (2015). Developmental Milestones Record. Retrieved November 2019, from http://medlineplus.gov/
- 9. National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) (2019). HEDIS @ 2019, Volume 2. Value Set Directory.
- 10. Sentara Adult & Pediatric Maintenance Guidelines (2019). Retrieved November 2019, from www.sentaraheatlhplans.com

The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) recently released Bright Futures Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children and Adolescents, 4th, Edition.